

OUR PRIORITIES

Reduce crime and anti-social behaviour in key locations

Reduce the harm caused by drugs and alcohol

Reduce repeat victimisation

Reduce reoffending

Reduce youth crime

WHAT HAPPENED TO CRIME IN SOUTHAMPTON IN 2012/13?

Comparison figures are in relation to the 15 most similar cities as defined by ONS where 1 is the best

Our comparative position improved for	Relative position 2011/12	Relative position 2012/13
All crime	14	11
Sexual offences	14	8
Other sexual offences	12	7
Rape	14	10
Burglary	11	8
Burglary (dwelling)	8	7
Burglary (non dwelling)	14	12
Vehicle Offences	9	7
Arson	8	7
Violence with Injury	15	14
Violence without injury	14	13
Public order	13	9

We need to improve our comparative position for	Relative position 2011/12	Relative position 2012/13
Criminal damage	14	15
Criminal damage /Arson	14	15
Violence with injury	15	14
Violence without injury	14	13
Theft from person	12	12
Burglary (non dwelling)	14	12
All crime	14	11
Possession of drugs	8	9

All Crime

- In total crime in the City reduced by 16%
- Southampton has 93 crimes per 1,000 persons; the average for the group is 82 per 1,000
- The total reoffending rate was 9.7%. The national average is 9.35%
- 308 hate crime cases were recorded of which 73% were race related

Violent Crime

- 1433 fewer violent crime offences, a 15% reduction including decreases of
- 31% reduction in alcohol related violence
- 16% in domestic violence offences
- 28% in serious sexual offences
- Drug related violence rose by 17% and Southampton ranks 9/15 for drug possession in our comparator group
- There were 94 repeat domestic violence cases at multi agency risk assessments

Theft & Burglary

- There were reductions:
- 20% in burglary
- 22% in theft of a vehicle
- 15% in theft from a vehicle
- 21% in theft from a person
- 56 crimes of metal theft were recorded

Anti Social Behaviour (ASB)

- 14% decrease in ASB incidents
- 37% decrease in arson
- There were 2169 alcohol related hospital admissions compared to 2153 last year
- The 4 Community Tasking and Coordinating Groups across the city discussed and addressed hot spots of anti-social behaviour and took action to deal with alleged perpetrators
- Vehicle related incidents increased

Youth Crime

- 22 fewer young people aged between 10 and 17 received a custodial sentence in 2012/13 compared with 2011/12 (from 49 to 27)
- First time entrants to the youth justice system increased by 13%, rising from 911 to 1028 per 100,000 10-17 year olds.
- In 2010/11 (most recent data) the youth reoffending rate was 47%. This is an increase of 8% and around 10% higher than the national average.

OUR KEY CHALLENGES

- **Performance**
 - Improving comparative performance with similar cities for all crime
 - Reducing reoffending – particularly in relation to young people and domestic violence
 - Building on the 'whole family' approach to reduce youth offending and ASB
- **Working smarter**
 - Managing reducing resources
 - Working together to respond to the significant organisational and legislative changes while targeting resources to achieve the greatest impact
 - Ensuring all plans, developments and services consider the impact on crime and disorder in the City
 - Responding to issues caused by welfare reforms and changing demographics

OUR SUCCESSES IN 2012/13

Priority	Actions	Results
Reduce crime and anti-social behaviour in key locations	Tackling ASB <ul style="list-style-type: none"> We developed a multi agency approach to identifying and supporting victims of ASB which has improved identification of victims who are vulnerable Partners worked together to develop action plans to tackle 'spikes' in various crimes at certain times of the year and tackle various hot spots through patrols, Street CREDs, dispersal orders, street briefings and special operations 	Reduction in 'student' burglaries, and reductions in ASB and arson during the Halloween and Bonfire period Increase from 148 to 219 vulnerable victims of ASB Number of younger people who have signed an Acceptable Behaviour Contract has increased by 104% from 24 in 2011/12 to 49 in 2012/13
	Enforcement and neighbourhood safety <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Organised new Street CRED events, led by the council, that join up services to make immediate environmental improvements to an area and provide safety advice. 	Residents in 11 parts of the city benefited from a Street CRED in 2012/2013. Tonnes of rubbish have been removed, vegetation cut back and new plants and trees planted. Community Payback have provided approximately 50 hours of free labour along with council teams from Open Spaces, Waste and Re-cycling, Environmental Health, City Patrol, Community Safety, volunteer organisations and local community have all contributing to the Street CRED days.
Reduce the harm caused by drugs and alcohol	Operation Fortress was set up to tackle Class A Drug supply and associated violence. The project supports vulnerable victims, refers drug users into treatment and offers community reassurance.	270 arrests resulting in 71 people being charged, seizing drugs with a street value of £132,000 and £103,000 in cash.
Reduce repeat victimisation	Support to victims of domestic violence: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Set up a new health funded project called IRIS to support victims of domestic abuse A review into a domestic homicide in the City resulted in a range of recommendations. A dedicated point of contact for professionals was established through PIPPA (Prevention, Intervention & Public Protection Alliance) which is an alliance of domestic and sexual violence services in the City	More than 66 victims of domestic abuse have been supported and 20 out of 38 of the city's GP practices have signed up All recommendations from the Domestic Homicide Review have now been implemented resulting in DV training to 248 professionals PIPPA have taken 450 calls from frontline workers
Reduce reoffending	Safety in the night time economy: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Street Pastors recruiting additional volunteers, night patrols in the City Centre, parks, some schools and outlying districts as well as in the University of Southampton. Launched the Red card in July 2012. An alcohol awareness course running alongside the Red Card scheme was introduced in May 2013. ICE bus support to people included those with issues such as accidental issues, victims of assault, those needing general help, those needing help getting home and a place of safety provided for those in need. 	32% reduction in NTE violence 18% reduction in assault presentations at the Emergency Department 163 individuals received RED Cards for bad behaviour banning them from all Licensed Premises 357 people were supported by the ICE Bus 595 people were supported by the Street Pastors.
Reduce youth crime	Southampton Youth Offending Service was inspected in February 2013 by Her Majesty's Inspectorate of Probation	Southampton YOS scored higher than average in all 4 inspected areas and the Southampton Offending Behaviour Programme was identified as 'an area of emerging practice' by the Youth Justice Board for England and Wales.
Partnership working	Set up the Families Matter Programme to work with 685 families with multiply and complex needs. Reducing youth crime and anti-social behaviour is a core focus of this new programme that takes a 'whole family' challenging approach that tackles offending behaviours	A team of 36 professionals from a range of partner agencies are currently supporting 353 families under the Families Matter programme. Crime Partners directly involved include Police, Probation, YOS and Community Safety
	The Police and Crime Commissioner has been appointed and we successfully bid for £95,500 to support strategic priorities.	Funding has been allocated to support Taxi Marshalls, future DHR, Ambulance Support for the ICE BUS, victim support and support for Safe City Partnership seasonal campaigns

WHAT WE ARE GOING TO DO TO IMPROVE?

Priorities	Key actions	Lead Agency	How we will measure success
Reducing crime and anti-social behaviour in key localities across the City	Develop a 'place' focused ASB plan to tackle entrenched hot spot areas and emerging hot spot streets or neighbourhoods.	Police	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Achieve a further 5% reduction in ASB Reduce incidents of ASB in hot spot areas by coordinating partnership responses Improve the comparable position for criminal damage by 2 places
	Undertake a peer review of the Partnership to ensure priorities reflect City needs, is operating effectively, improve links with the youth offending service and learn from best practice	Council	
Reducing the harm caused by drugs and alcohol	Improve commissioning for treatment pathways and preventative activities to reduce the harms caused by alcohol and drug misuse	CCG / Council	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reduce Alcohol related admissions by 5% Increase successful completion as a percentage of the total number in drug treatment Reduce drug related violence by 10%
	Maintain multi agency Operation Fortress to restrict the supply and demand for class A drugs and rebuild affected communities	Police	
Reducing repeat victimisation and focusing on vulnerable victims	Review the provision and commissioning of Domestic Violence services	Council	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reduce by 20% repeat attendance at Domestic Violence Multi Agency Risk Assessment Conferences in 12 months Increase identification and risk assessment of vulnerable adults Decrease in repeat victimisation re ASB
	Continue to develop multi-agency responses to protect vulnerable victims of ASB and crime.	All	
Reducing reoffending	Development and implementation of a Serious Youth Crime Prevention Action Plan.	YOS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reduce youth reoffending rate by 5% Reduce total re offending rate by 3%
	Identify and implement partnership actions targeting licensed offenders	Probation	
Reducing youth crime	Identification of, and joint agency interventions work with, young people whose offending behaviour has become entrenched. This will include delivering Families Matter and tackling youth crime within a whole family approach.	YOS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reduce first time entrants into the youth justice system by 10% from 1028 per 100,000 10-17 year olds to 925 per 100,000 10-17 year olds (1028 per 100,000 10-17 year olds equates to 193 first time entrants) Reduce the number of crimes committed by young people by a further 200
	Implement the new priority young offenders scheme where partners join together to identify and take actions to reduce repeat offending	All	